

Key themes/proposals in the Prime Minister's Speech
at the 75th Session of the UN General Assembly

- **'Naya Pakistan'**

Modelled on the principles of the State of Madinah; a just and humane society.

- **75th Anniversary of UN/Multilateralism**

- o The driving force in international relations must be cooperation, in accordance with principles of international law, and not confrontation and force.
- o We all must emphatically reaffirm our support for multilateralism.

- **COVID-19**

No one is safe unless everyone is safe; Pakistan's 'smart lockdown' an effective strategy to protect people from the virus and death by hunger.

- **Debt Relief**

Additional debt relief measures for developing countries are needed. Rich countries should support the creation of at least US\$500 billion in new Special Drawing Rights and reallocation of unutilized SDRs to developing countries.

- **Illicit financial flows**

Call upon the General Assembly to take the lead in efforts to build a global framework to stem the illicit financial flows and ensure speedy repatriation of stolen wealth.

- **Climate change**

Commitments made through the Paris Agreement must be fulfilled, in particular the commitment to mobilize US\$ 100 billion annually as climate finance.

- **Islamophobia**

- o Wilful provocations and incitement to hate and violence must be universally outlawed.

- o General Assembly should declare an “International Day to Combat Islamophobia” and build a coalition to end the scourge.

- **“Hindutva” ideology and RSS-BJP regime**

Hindutva ideology set to marginalize almost 300 million human beings – Muslims, Christians and Sikhs – unprecedented in history.

- **Jammu and Kashmir**

- o The military siege in IIOJK is being followed by moves to change the demographic structure of the occupied territory. This is an attempt to obliterate the distinct Kashmiri identity in order to affect the outcome of a plebiscite envisaged in the UN Security Council resolutions.

- o This action is in violation of the UN Charter, Council resolutions and international law, particularly the 4th Geneva Convention. Changing demographic structure of occupied territory is a war crime.

- o Security Council must ensure implementation of its own resolutions and take appropriate enforcement actions to grant the inalienable right of self-determination to the Kashmiris.

- o Security Council must also take steps to protect the Kashmiris from an impending genocide by India.

- o Pakistan remains ready to peacefully resolve the dispute but India must rescind its unilateral measures, end the military siege and other gross human rights violations,

and agree to resolve the Jammu & Kashmir dispute as per UNSC resolutions and wishes of the Kashmiri people.

- **Regional Peace and Security in South Asia**

- o There will be no durable peace and stability in South Asia until the Jammu and Kashmir dispute is resolved on the basis of international legitimacy.

- o Pakistan has consistently sensitized the world community about a 'false flag' operation and another ill-conceived misadventure by India.

- o Any attempt by the fascist totalitarian RSS-led Indian government to aggress against Pakistan will be met by a nation that will fight for its freedom to the end.

- **Afghanistan**

Full support for Afghan peace process. The only way forward was and is a political settlement which involves the full spectrum of Afghanistan's political actors.

- **Palestine**

Reiteration of Pakistan's principled position. Pakistan continues to support a two-state solution – in line with UN General Assembly and Security Council resolutions, within the internationally agreed parameters, pre-1967 borders, and Al-Quds Al-Sharif as the Capital of a united, contiguous and independent Palestinian state.

- **International Peace and Security**

- o Secretary-General must take the lead in preventing global conflict.

- o Secretary-General should convene Summit-level meetings to address regional hot spots and resolve outstanding disputes.

- **UN/UNSC Reform**

UN should be made fully responsive to the challenges of our times. Comprehensive reform of the UN, including the Security Council, is essential to promote greater democracy, accountability, transparency and efficiency.
